

SSDD and SSDF
Handset seizure
Paraben \* Seizure test
SE K850, SE Xperia

# Small Scale Digital Device (SSDD)

#### SSDD definition

 A Small Scale Digital Device is any of a variety of small form factor devices utilizing volatile or non-volatile memory and various embedded chips for operating systems and/or storage for various computing and/or communication purposes

#### Categories

 Embedded Chip Devices, PDAs, Cellular Telephones, Audio/Video Devices, Gaming Devices, ...

#### Characteristics

- Mobile, Compact Size, Battery Operated, may have specialized Interfaces for Media and Hardware, ...
- Variety of Embedded Operating Systems
  - File System resides in Volatile Memory
- Short Product Cycles

#### Audio/Video Devices I

Variety of formats!



#### A/V Devices II

#### Evidence

- Contacts
- Calendar Events
- To Do List
- Memos
- Photos
- Music
- Files!













# **Digital Cameras**

- Evidence
  - Image
  - EXIF Information
  - Geo-Tag GPS Camera
  - Date Time Stamps
  - Other User Information
- What cell phone does not have a camera?
  - Camera with navigator







# **Gaming Devices**

- Evidence
  - Games
  - Movies
  - Files
  - Internet
  - Email
  - -IM
  - Contacts
  - Calendar Events
  - To Do List
  - Memos
  - Photos
  - Music

Forensic Investigation of the Nintendo Wii: A First Glance

http://www.ssddfj.org/papers/SSDDFJ\_V2\_1\_Turnbull.pdf













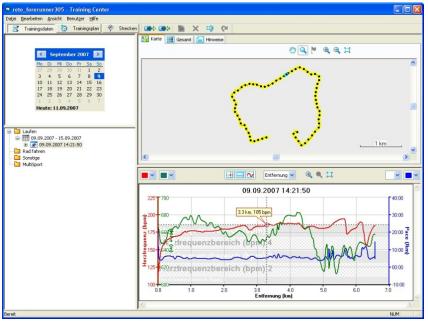
#### **GPS** devices

- Evidence
  - Tracks
  - Waypoints
  - Routes
  - Date Time Stamps
- Mobilte phones with GPS navigation
  - http://www.prisjakt.nu/kategori.php?l=v615









**Unusual Devices?** 

- Evidence
  - USB Missile Launcher with Webcam
  - http://www.everythingusb.com/
- Garmin Astro
  - Stand alone scanning equipment
- Aiptek pocket cinema
- Digital photo frames
- ...?









# Seizing Mobile Evidence

- General guidelines concerning the seizing of evidence are provided as follows
  - Determine the necessary equipment to take to the scene
  - Review the legal authority to seize the evidence
  - All suspects and witnesses should be removed from the proximity of the mobile phone to prevent modifications to the data
  - Ask for information as soon as possible from the mobile phone users to determine the phone number, pass codes or PINs etc.
  - Turn off phone immediately, remove battery if practical, and do not turn it back on

#### Considerations

- Chain of Custody limitations, connectivity options, workflow (reports, information sharing etc.)
- Additional devices (GPS etc.), phone profiles (OS, phone system etc.), importance of physical dumping and decoding

## Turn off or keep the mobile phone on?

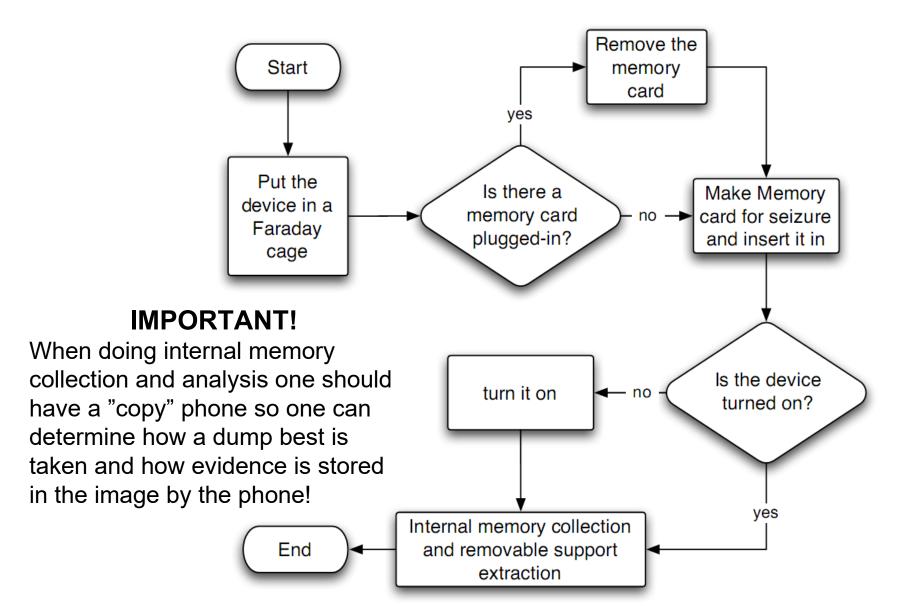
- The benefits of turning off the mobile phone include
  - Preserving call logs and last cell tower location information (LOCI)
  - Preventing overwriting deleted data
  - Preventing data destruction signals from reaching the mobile phone
  - Preventing improper mobile phone handling (i.e., placing calls, sending messages, taking photos or deleting files)
- The risks with turning the mobile phone off include
  - Possibly locking the phone by Password, Handset Lock or SIM PIN code
- If the mobile phone must be left on, isolate it from its different networks while maintaining power
  - Many mobile phones can be placed in "Airplane" mode preventing access to cell towers. This requires user input on the handset. Disable Wi-Fi, Bluetooth and IrDA communications if practical
- The scene should be searched systematically and thoroughly for evidence. Collect associated chargers, cables, peripherals, boxes, instruction manuals

# Radio Frequency (RF) shielding

Allowing cell tower communication will change data on the phone



#### General data collection workflow

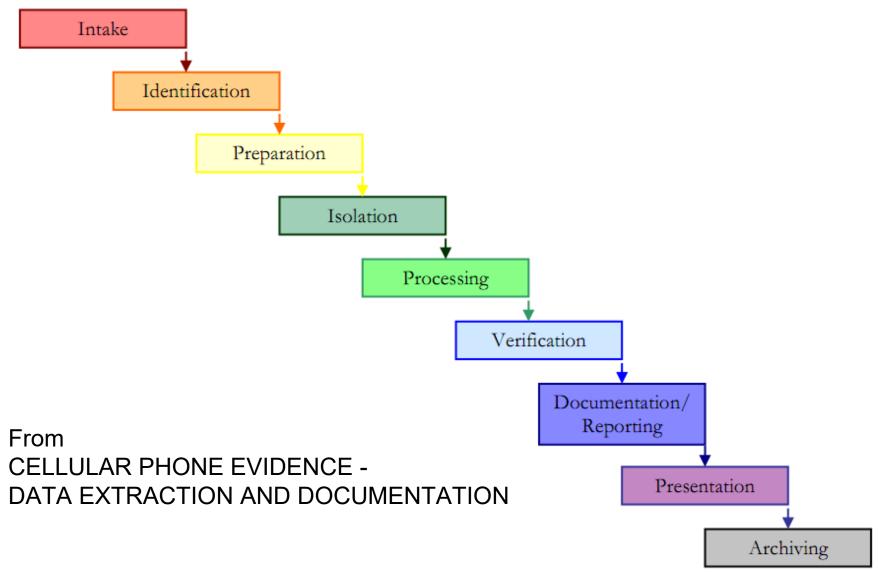


## SSDF workflow

- Seizure
  - Documentation
    - Sketches
    - Pictures
    - Video
  - Bag and Tag
- Preservation
  - RF Isolation
    - Shielded environment etc.
  - Power cables etc.
- Identification/Research
  - Web Sites
    - See end

- Connection
  - Cabling
  - Acquisition of data
- Analysis
  - Removable Media
    - Traditional Computer
       Forensic Tools
  - Cell Phones
  - SIM Cards
  - Smart Phones
    - See PDA and Cell Phone Lists!
    - Emulators
  - Other SSDDs
- Presentation

# CELLULAR PHONE EVIDENCE EXTRACTION PROCESS



# **Memory Cards**

- Increasingly common in handsets
  - Sometimes built-in and non removable
- Different physical "form factors" exist
  - eMMC, \*\*\* SD card, MemoryStick Duo etc.
- 1 TB cards soon available (2016)
- PC-compatible FAT file system widely adopted
- May contain pictures, movies, MP3.....or any file at all!
- Deleted data retrievable with established computer forensic techniques

# Handset Logical Extraction

- Connection Interfaces
  - Cable
    - Fast, secure, quite reliable
  - Infra-red
    - Slower, quite secure, less reliable
    - Not all data may be retrieved
  - Bluetooth
    - Quite fast, less secure, less reliable, more intrusive
- Extraction software asks handset what data is available
  - Handset may or may not provide data
  - Will not provide deleted data
- Different protocols may be used for
  - Different handsets
  - Different data types

# Handset Logical Extraction

- Protocols Used in Logical Extractions
  - Handset API
    - Smartphones usually needs a forensic agent installed
  - AT (Attention commands)
    - Identification, basic information for most GSM models
  - OBEX ("OBject EXchange")
    - Pictures, audio, video
    - Different flavors for different makes and models
    - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OBEX
  - IrMC, SyncML
    - OBEX based protocols. Phone book, calendar, notes
    - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SyncML
  - FBUS
    - Nokia's binary protocol. Differences for almost each model
    - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FBus

# Cell phone forensic software

- Types
  - SIM
  - Cell phone
  - Forensic vs. Explorer (PC companion type)
- Interface
  - Cables (standard and properitary), Infra-red, Bluetooth, etc.
- Integration (sort of)
  - FTK Mobile Phone Examiner+, Encase 6 Neutrino
- Check out handheld forensic updated web pages
- [server]\embedded\_forensics

### Cell Phone forensic tools

- BitPIM MyPhoneExplorer etc.
- Oxygen Forensic Suite
  - http://www.oxygen-forensic.com
- Paraben Device Seizure
- SecureView
  - https://secure.susteen.com/secureview/reg\_svf\_trial.cgi
- MSAB .XRY/XACT
- PhoneBase
- MobilEdit! Forensic
- Cellebrite UFED (Universal Forensic Extraction Dev.)
  - Physical Pro
- Many more exist...
  - http://www.e-evidence.info/cellular.html

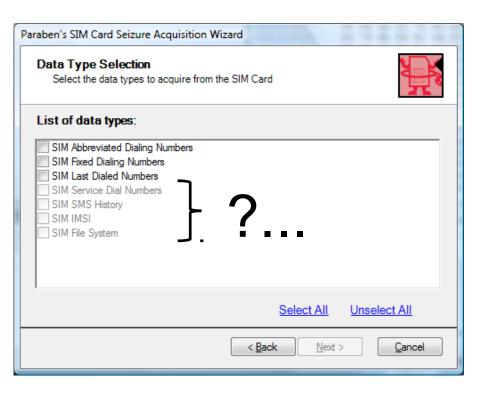
### SIM card tools

- CHIPDRIVE Smartcard Commander
- Serial and USB SIM Card Readers
- Paraben SIM Card Seizure
- ForensicSIM
- SIMIS
- SIMScan
- SIM Detective
- Forensic Card Reader 2
- Many more exist...
  - http://www.e-evidence.info/cellular.html

## Paraben SIM Card Seizure

- SCM Smart Card SCR335 and SCR3311
  - http://www.scmmicro.de/security/index.html
  - PC/SC driver needed (Windows Smartcard API)
    - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PC/SC



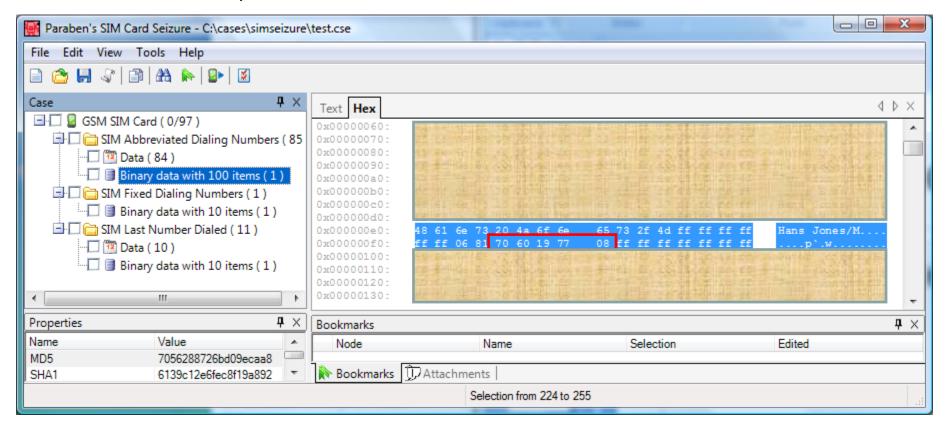


# PC/SC (Personal Computer/Smart Card)

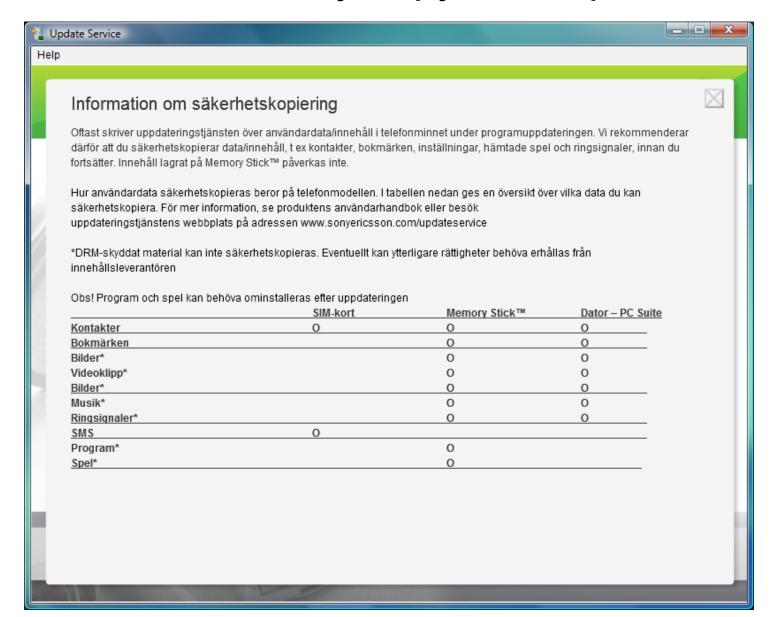
- Architecture designed to ensure the following work together even if made by different manufacturers
  - Smart cards
  - Smart card readers
  - Computers
- Designed for Windows environment with development in Visual C+
  - http://www.codeproject.com/KB/smart/smartcardapi.aspx (.NET)
- Implementations are available for other OS
  - PC/SC Lite for Unix like OS (Mac OS X)
  - Java: http://www.openscdp.org/ocf/

### SIM Card Seizure Hex view

- SIM Card Seizure (earlier had the name SIMCon)
- SIM card (older than year 2000)
- One record, Tel. 0706917780



#### Mobile security copy - SE update







# Paraben Device Seizure can acquire the following data:

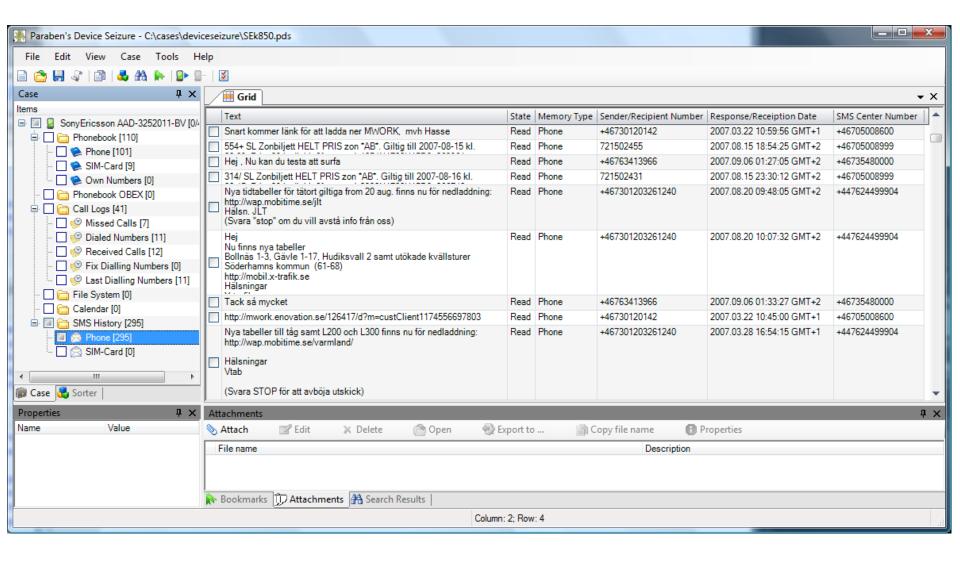
- Acquire and analyze data from over 1,950 mobile phones, PDAs, and GPS devices including iPhones
- Most commercial cell phone forensic software only gets logical data files
- Deleted data and user data such as text messages and images can often be found in a physical data dump of a phone
- SMS History (Text Messages)
- Deleted SMS (Text Messages)
- Phonebook (both stored in the memory of the phone and on the SIM card)
- Call History
  - Received Calls
  - Dialed Numbers
  - Missed calls
  - Call Dates & Durations
- Datebook
- Scheduler
- Calendar
- To-Do List

- Filesystem (physical memory dumps)
  - System Files
  - Multimedia Files (Images, Videos, etc.)
  - Java Files
  - Deleted Data
  - Quicknotes
  - More...
- GPS Waypoints, Tracks, Routes, etc.
- RAM/ROM
- PDA Databases
- E-mail
- Registry (Windows Mobile Devices)

#### Paraben Device Seizure - SE K850

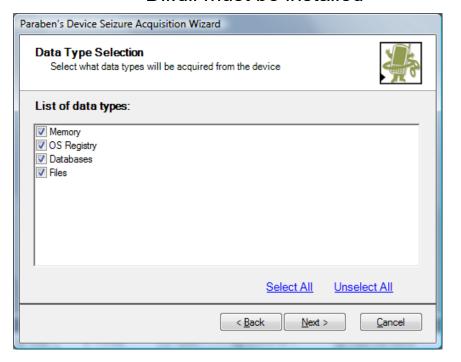
 Logical Paraben's Device Seizure Acquisition Wizard Handle few phones Connection Selection Please select the appropriate connection type with physical dump Paraben's Device Seizure Acquisition Wizard **Data Type Selection** Select what data types will be acquired from the device Connection type: List of data types: Standard Serial over Bluetooth link (COM5) Standard Serial over Bluetooth link (COM18) ▼ Phonebook Standard Serial over Bluetooth link (COM4) Standard Modem over Bluetooth link ▼ PhonebookObex Agere Systems HDA Modem CallLogs ▼ File System Calendar ✓ SMSHistory < Back Next > Cancel Select All Unselect All Next > < Back Cancel

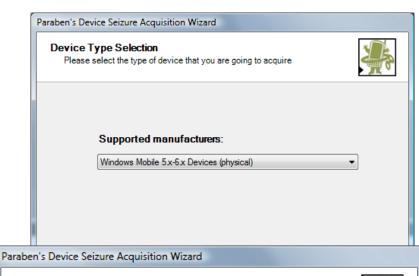
## Paraben Device Seizure - SE K850

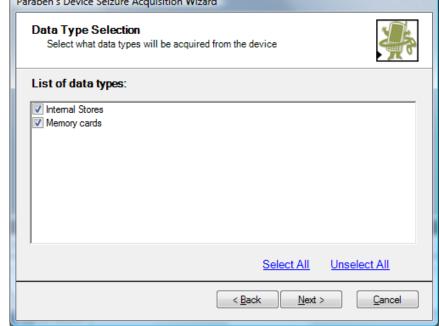


# Paraben Device Seizure SE Xperia

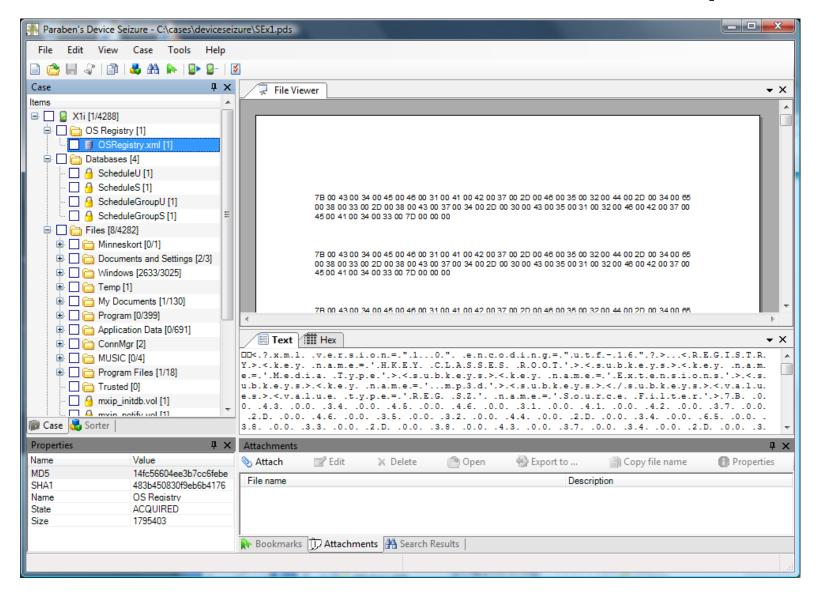
- Windows Mobile 6.x
- Dump via cable
  - Physical (crash)
    - Rapisec.cab has not been installed
  - Logical
    - DII.dll must be installed







# Paraben Device Seizure SE Xperia



#### Windows Mobile 6.x and below

 From "Introduction to Windows Mobile Forensics" on [server]

Table 2 – Potentially useful sources of evidence on Windows Mobile devices.	
File	Description
\cemail.vol	An embedded database that stores information relating to communications,
\pim.vol	including text messages and portions of e-mails, not including file attachments.  An embedded database that includes call logs (clog.db), address book information, calendar items, speed dial details (speed.db), and to do tasks.
\ReplStorVol	A file replication database used to synchronize items on the device with data in another location (Microsoft, 2008a).
\My Documents\My Pictures	A repository of photographs taken or downloaded by the user. This is the default download location for pictures.
\My Documents\UAContents	A folder with artifacts of user activities, including portions of MMS in ".dat" files and an MMS log file.
\Documents and Settings\default\user.hv	The User Registry hive.
\Documents and Settings\default.hv OR system.hva	The System Registry hive.
\Windows\Messaging	A repository of viewed SMS and e-mail messages, stored in ".mpb" files.
\Windows\Messaging\Attachments	A repository of downloaded e-mail attachments in ".att" files.
\Windows\Profiles\guest	Contains Internet Explorer history, as well as cache and cookie files, including index. dat files.
\Windows\Favorites	Internet Explorer bookmarks.
Windows\eT9Cdb.Cdb and eT9Rudb.Rdb	Custom user T9 dictionary files.

full path of the system hive.

# Readings

- Check out the readings for the course!
  - [server]\embedded\_forensics\docs
  - Forensic guidelines for Android, iOS, Symbian,
     Blackberry, MeeGo, Windows Mobile 6.x
  - SIM
- Evidence in Mobile Phone Systems
  - By Svein Y. Willassen, M.Sc.
- Sample Forensics Reports SIM Card and Cell Phone
  - [server]\embedded\_forensics\docs\sample\_forensic\_report
- Books, papers, tutorials, ...
  - https://github.com/secmobi/wiki.secmobi.com/tree/master/pages/ publications